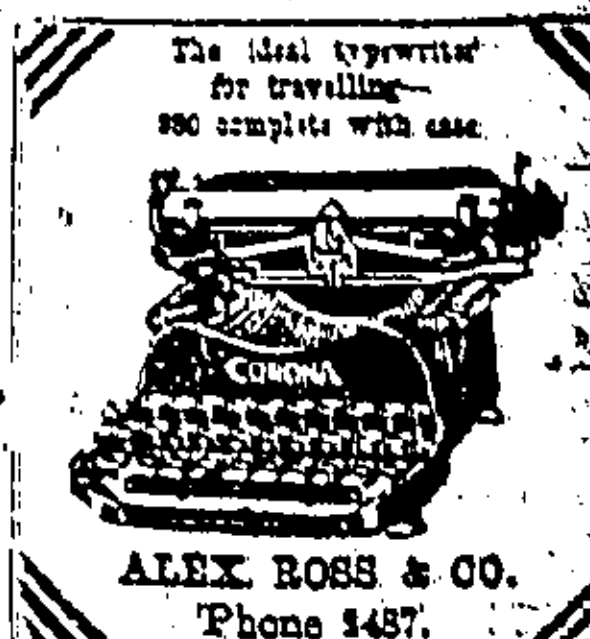


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The China Mail.

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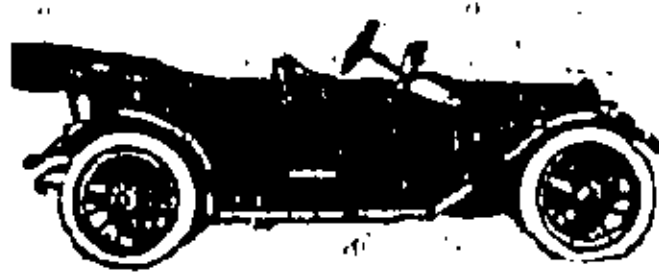
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TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE PREMIER'S SPEECH

THE WORLD SUFFERING SHELL SHOCK.

(See earlier telegrams for beginning of this message.)

LONDON, Aug. 18.

The Premier also emphasised exchange difficulties. The sovereign to-day was worth less than 17 1/2 in America, which was due to the fact that we were not paying for imports with exports. The only alternative to increased production was to quit the country. The Premier mentioned among the reasons for decreased production the difficulties of transition from a state of the war, the lack of labour, also the fact that everybody's nerves were jaded and torn after the strain of war. Everybody was complaining of provocation but these tendencies were world-wide and would pass. The world was suffering from shell-shock on a big scale.

SLACKERS.

One of the arguments in favour of reducing hours had been that it would not involve a reduction of output. The fact was there had been a reduction of output almost in mathematical proportion to the diminution of hours. The deliberate slowing down was not confined to the workers. There were evidences of it among employers and managers. He stigmatised as a dangerous fallacy the theory that the less you worked the more work there was for everybody. Deliberately to reduce the output meant all-round unemployment on a gigantic scale. (cheers) The absolute necessity of everybody pulling together must be brought home to the whole country in order to enable the people to shake off the fatal lethargy and slackness which was depressing production and imperilling the most vital interests of the nation.

PREMIER TAKES "CHINA MAIL" VIEW OF LABOUR.

[There is a part missing here.]

But Labour said we realise the need for production and we don't believe in direct action. (Cheers) But we are human and cannot work with a will unless the conditions are fairer and more satisfactory. We must, said the Premier, examine that attitude honestly and squarely, not in a spirit of resentment but in the spirit of justice and comradeship created by the war. He appealed to employers and workers to press their claims in that spirit. We must demonstrate to the world the British traditional power of solving our difficulties without resort to anarchy but merely by appeal to commonsense and our innate spirit of fairplay.

"WAGES THAT DISGRACED THE FLAG."

He admitted that before the war hundreds of thousands of able-bodied men had worked hard for wages which were a disgrace to the flag they fought for; but Labour's gains in the last two or three years had been enormous. The average wages were more than doubled, and the hours diminished by four weekly. The war had taught soldiers that positions were easier to capture than to retain. That was a lesson for Labour, who had captured more advanced positions in wartime than ever before. COMMITTED TO NATIONALIZATION.

He announced that the joint industrial council had come to an agreement on hours and wages which would be embodied in the Bill to be introduced to-morrow. Substantially this Bill meant a 45 hour week with few exceptions and a living wage for all industries. He urged steps to humanise industry by seeking the co-operation of the workers regarding the conditions of work. He denied that he had committed the government to accept every recommendation of the Sankey report. However, the government had accepted the policy of State purchase of mineral rights and coal and proposed that a fund be raised out of royalties to improve the housing and general amenities of the miners.

[There is another part missing here.]

PROTECTIVE IMPORT RESTRICTIONS.

He announced that the government would take effective measures against "dumping." The Board of Trade would be given power to shield unstable industries by prohibiting imports (except on licence) of the products of these industries and by preventing excessive imports of such products. Where import prices were lower than here, an import duty would be charged for licences. Care would be taken that no undue profit was made at the expense of the community.

The tests whether an industry was unstable would be whether it was essential for war or whether war had revealed an inadequate supply of such goods, whether the government had to foster it in wartime or whether if government support were withdrawn the industry could maintain itself at such level of production as the war had shown to be essential to national life.

HAVAS REVIEW.

PERSIAN TREATY SLATED.

PARIS, Aug. 18.

The Council of Five has received a telegram from the French general Graziani, chief of the Allied military mission at Budapest, announcing perfect accord between the mission and the Rumanian military command.

The agreement negotiated by Great Britain with Persia causes considerable stir in Allied and diplomatic circles in Paris. Deep disappointment is felt among the advocates of the League of Nations. Many diplomats are wondering whether President Wilson will recognize it, as in everything but name Persia is now a British protectorate.

President Poincare left Paris for an eight days visit to Alsace and Lorraine. He will unveil a monument at Buzville to the memory of the hostages shot by the Germans and confer the cross of the legion of honour on Strasbourg, Phalsbourg, and Bitche.

The French government has contracted with a big firm at New York for the erection of 2,000 dwellings in the devastated regions of France.

A Franco-American congress will open at Tours on September 21 for the purpose of discussing the utilization of French waterways from the view point of navigation, power, and the possibilities of betterment of agriculture.

IMPORTED WHEAT PRICES FIXED.

LONDON, August 18.

The Wheat Commission to-day fixed the following prices for imported wheat, per 480 lbs.: Canadian 52s 6d to 60s.; American 54s to 60s.; Australian, sound, untreated 61s.; treated 60s.; Argentine 59s.

LONDON BUSINESSMEN AGAINST NATIONALIZATION.

LONDON, Aug. 18.

A memorial signed by the representative bankers and merchant traders of the city of London was forwarded to the Premier. It protests against the nationalisation of mines and other industries until the people of the country have expressed their opinion thereon.

PERSIAN TREATY EXPLAINED.

LONDON, Aug. 18.

In the House of Commons at question time Mr. Harmsworth said it was proposed to lend Persia £2,000,000 at seven per cent. secured on the Persian revenues with a view to enabling Persia to initiate contemplated reforms. The government was pledged to assist Persia to re-establish herself on a sound basis. There was not the slightest foundation for the suspicion that the government proposed or that the Persian government would have consented to the creation of anything in the nature of a British protectorate. The attitude of the Persian cabinet in negotiating the present agreement and the impending visit of the Shah to Britain were a sufficient answer to such insinuations.

OUR DOCKYARD MEN.

As a result of China Mail interest in the matter, John Bull has addressed the following query to the Right Hon. T. J. Macnamara, M.P., Parliamentary Secretary to the Admiralty. My Dear Macnamara—It is a long, long way to Hongkong, but it should be within your knowledge that, what with the rise in the Income Tax and other charges, some of the employees in H.M. Dockyard there are actually receiving lower wages than before the war, not to mention the vast increase in the cost of living which has still further depleted their resources. I am certain the matter need only be mentioned to ensure prompt inquiry and speedy redress.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

TRADE AFTER WAR.

PREMIER DEPRECATES IMPATIENCE.

LONDON, August 18th.

The Premier, speaking in the House of Commons this afternoon, dealt with the country's trade and industrial position.

He complained that some people expected industry production to be normal as soon as the war was over. Those people did not realise the magnitude of the last five years' disturbance.

The aggregate direct cost of the war to the world was £40,000,000,000. How could the world return to normal conditions immediately that expenditure was over? It would take just as long to adapt the machinery of the workshops in the country to peace as it took to turn it to war.

The Premier mentioned that among the paralyzing elements for trade immediately after the war was the fact that contractors became shy of orders owing to rising prices of material of which there was a shortage. There was also a shortage of labour, as well as transport difficulties.

However, now over 3,500,000 men had been demobilised, of whom only 350,000 had not been absorbed industrially, so that contractors could safely launch out without the lag existing under them. He emphasised the fact that an adverse balance of trade must be faced, because we could not prosper without recovering our international trade. Indeed, without increasing it, our adverse balance of trade before the war was £150,000,000. It was now £300,000,000.

That chasm must be bridged because at the bottom of it was ruin. He reminded the House that there had been an almost seasonal decrease in output, which was now less than ever in every branch of production except agriculture. We were spending more and producing less.

The Premier, continuing, said: "Take coal, before the war 27,000,000 tons were produced annually. This year, at the present rate, the figure will be 20,000, in spite of the greater number of men employed to-day. A ton cost 10s. to raise in 1913. To-day it costs 20s. This is not only partly responsible for the abnormally high prices of other articles, but it has handicapped us in other countries where production is greater and cheaper. No tariff can remedy this."

CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

[Translated for The China Mail from the Wah Tsu Yat Po.]

THE TIEN TSIN CONFERENCE.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 19.

Chu Shu Tsang, Wang Chi Lung, Tsang Yuk Chun and many other leaders of the military party had a meeting at the residence of Mei Chi Chung, the Tsuchun of Anhui, at Tientsin the other day. They decided to make the following conditions for settlement of the present situation.

(1) Let the old parliament draft the constitution.
 (2) The New parliament to be recognised as the legal parliament.
 (3) Luk Wing-ting to be elected as vice president.
 (4) Yuan Chi-jui to be appointed premier of the new cabinet.

TSO KWAN WISHES TO RESIGN.

Tso Kwan, Tsuchun of Chili and Chief Commander of the troops attacking the South, has repeatedly asked to resign, but the Cabinet has refused his request and sent Commander Ng Kwong-sun to persuade him to remain.

BOLSHEVIK THREAT AT MONGOLIA.

Being angered by the Mongolians refusing his demands, a Russian general of the Bolsheviks is sending, it is stated, a large army to the Mongolian frontier. The Mongolian government has sent a certain prince to the frontier to make arrangements to resist. He has also wired to the central government for reinforcements. The Peking government has instructed the Tsuchuns of Fungtien, Kirin, and Hei Lung Kiang to give the necessary assistance.

HEARTS OF THE WORLD.

AT THE CORONET.

Unavoidable circumstances have arisen which necessitate the screening of "Hearts of the World" at the Coronet Theatre.

This world-famed picture will therefore be screened at the Coronet Theatre to-night at 9.15 instead of the Theatre Royal as originally intended.

The Management are making every effort to make the show as complete and enjoyable at the Coronet as at the Theatre Royal.

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INTIMATIONS.

G. R.

IN THE MATTER of the
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Ordinance, 1914 to 1919.

THE Custodian of Enemy Property,
Hongkong, has for sale by Private
under the following number of shares
the undertaking of the Hongkong
Whampoa Dock Company Limited,
namely, 290 (Two hundred and ninety)
ordinary shares in respect of the capital
of the said Company as existing prior
to its increase in 1915 and 57 (Fifty-
seven) Ordinary shares (being the rights
in respect of the said 290 shares) in
respect of the capital of the said Com-
pany as increased in 1915.

Tenders for the above will be received
up to and including the 10th day of
September, 1919.

Particulars, Forms of Tender and
conditions may be obtained from the
Custodian of Enemy Property, Hong-
kong, at the Treasury, Hongkong, or
from Messrs. Deacon, Looker, Deacon
and Harston, Solicitors, 1 Des Vaux
Road Central, Hongkong.

By Order,
C. McI. MESSER,
Custodian of Enemy Property,
Hongkong.
Hongkong, August 15, 1919.

G. R.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS DEPT.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS on July 19th, LICENS-
ED JUNK T556H was seized
by the Revenue Department. Whilst
lying off SALT FISH LANE. Take
notice that if this junk is not claimed
within seven days from August 13th,
it will be sold by Public Auction to
pay expenses incurred.

C. W. BECKWITH,
Superintendent,
Imports and Exports.
Hongkong, August 13, 1919.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL CO.,
LIMITED.

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that an
INTERIM DIVIDEND of \$4 per
share has been declared for the Half
Year ending 30th June, 1919.

The Dividend will be payable on and
after THURSDAY, the 28th August,
1919, at the Offices of the Company,
where Shareholders are requested to
apply for Warrants.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the
Company will be CLOSED from
20th to 27th August, 1919, (both days
inclusive) during which period no trans-
fer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. H. TAGGART,
Manager.
Hongkong, August 14, 1919.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANU-
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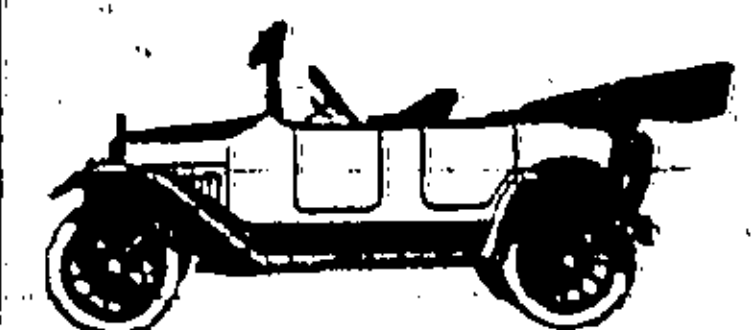
AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of ONE
DOLLAR (\$1-) per Share for
account 1919, will be payable on
THURSDAY, the 28th August, 1919.
Shareholders are requested to apply for
Dividend Warrants at the Company's
Office, St. George's Building, Hongkong.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the
Company will be CLOSED from
THURSDAY the 21st August, 1919, to
THURSDAY the 28th August, 1919,
both days inclusive.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, August 16, 1919.

KEATING'S
WORM
TABLETS.

SAVARESSES
SANTAL
CAPSULES

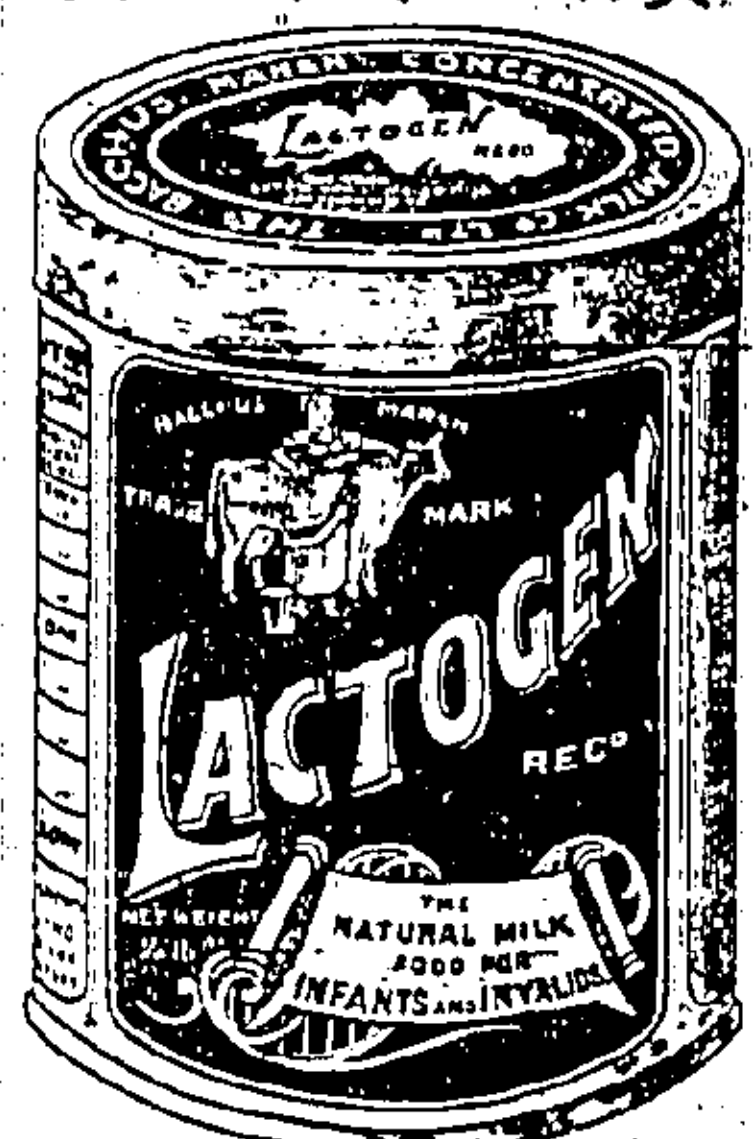
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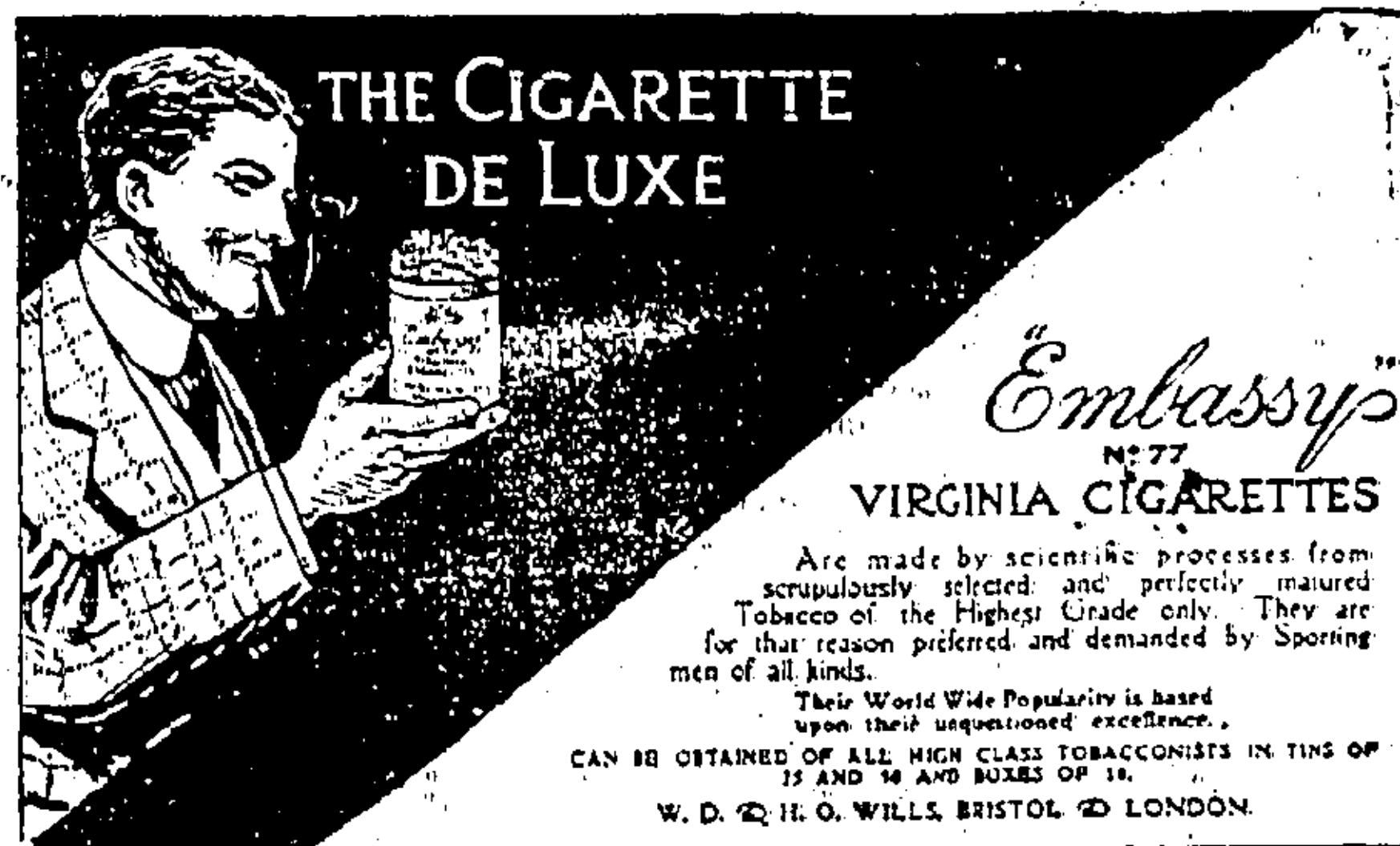
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RATIONALISM AND
EVIDENCE.

The annual dinner of the Rationalist Press Association in May last was the occasion of a reprimand being administered to Mr. William Archer, who presided, by Sir Ray Lankester, who was one of the guests, on a question which has been of late much discussed—that of "telepathy" or thought-transference. Sir Ray Lankester, who is now 72 years of age, is probably the most distinguished biologist living. He carries on the traditions of the great scientists of the 19th century—Darwin, Spencer, Huxley and Tyndall, whose works he described in his speech at the dinner as "an immeasurable treasury of knowledge and of training and thought." As the upholder of such traditions it is natural that he should regard much of the speculative philosophy of the present day as outside the range of science—especially those dabbings in the occult which are now so popular. Mr. William Archer, some ten years younger than his critic, has pursued other paths in life—paths which have branched from dramatic criticism into sociological and even theological studies. With the case of Sir Oliver Lodge before our eyes it is impossible to say that the study of scientific methods always leads to their application to matters outside the realm of science, but some excuse for Mr. Archer may be found in the fact that he has not handled the exact sciences and that his predilections have led him to seek impressions rather than facts. Mr. Archer claims, however, to be a rationalist, and it was on the point of what is rationalism that Sir Ray Lankester attacked him.

The vulgar idea of rationalism is that it is merely opposition to the doctrines and superstitions of religions. Sir Ray Lankester claims for it more than that. He regards it as opposed to all credulity and unreason, and therefore holds that no person can be a true rationalist who allows his credulity to get the better of his reasoning powers. As he contended, was the case with Mr. Archer. Shortly before the war Mr. Archer published an article on thought-reading in one of the daily papers in which reference was made to the statement—made by Sir Ray Lankester but not claimed by him as original—that there is no evidence that one human being can communicate with another except through the channels of the senses. This statement Mr. Archer challenged, unfortunately misquoting it in doing so, so as to make it read that it was impossible for human beings to communicate by abnormal means. Sir Ray Lankester defined his atti-

tude as being an open-minded one. He was on the watch to see whether such communication did occur or not, but his position is that he has not yet discovered any evidence. Mr. Archer, in his article, took up the position that thought-transference is now an admitted fact and that anybody who has given attention to the progress of thought during the last forty years ought to know that competent witnesses and competent investigators fully admit the transmission of thought from one individual to another by other than ordinary means. As Sir Ray Lankester was mentioned by name as one of those who still hold by the "long-explored absurdity" that thought-transference is not proved, the statement was a bold one.

But it was the evidence which Mr. Archer adduced for his belief which made Sir Ray Lankester question the propriety of Mr. Archer presiding at the annual dinner of the Rationalist Press Association. This evidence was briefly, that he was present at an exhibition of thought-transference, when the daughter of the thought-reader, who was absent from the room, suggested the subject they should think of. The father on returning to the room immediately read their thoughts. As Sir Ray Lankester pointed out, the person who would accept this as evidence of thought-transference must have very irrational ideas of evidence. The idea that there was any pre-arrangement between father and daughter, or that the daughter communicated with the father on his entering the room by lip-movements or otherwise never seems to have entered Mr. Archer's head. His simplicity in these matters seems to be as great as that of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, who accepts some common "illusions" which have been before the public for years, as evidence of mind-reading. One of the commonest and yet the most mysterious of the methods by which an illusion of thought-transference is produced is synchronous counting. Two persons train themselves to count together silently—not so easy a feat as it appears but attainable by practice. The numbers may represent figures or letters of the alphabet. When the number wanted is reached the slightest movement on the part of the confederate informs the alleged thought-reader that the letter or number desired is reached. By this means incredible feats can be performed—articles identified, numbers given and thoughts read without apparently any communication with the "medium." This is probably one of the simplest tricks in the illusionist's repertory; there must be many more intricacies which are guarded as professional secrets. Yet, in spite of the fact that trickery is known to exist and that the "phenomena" are exposable in many different ways, Mr. William Archer and others continue to produce evidence that does more honour to their hearts than their heads. Sir

Ray Lankester's protest against Mr. William Archer occupying the chair at a meeting of rationalists seems not uncalled for in the circumstances. As he stated, it would create misapprehension if the Association asked Sir Oliver Lodge, or the Bishop of London, or Father Vaughan to take the chair at the next dinner; and yet Mr. Archer was no better rationalist than they are.

Mr. William Archer spoke in his own defence later in the evening but his remarks were not very convincing. He apologised for misquoting Sir Ray Lankester, but he still seemed to hold that his valuation of the evidence was correct, and his definition of the part of rationalism,—"to accept logically the evidence that satisfies us"—breaks down the bounds of rationalism and admits all who hold honest beliefs on supernatural matters. In fact the whole basis of rationalism is destroyed if evidence that satisfies personal beliefs is to be considered as proof of phenomena. Mr. Archer, perhaps not wisely, hastened to explain that he was not a believer in spiritualism,—that in fact, he regarded thought-transference as a weapon against spiritualism, since many of the phenomena alleged to be due to the presence of spirits were really due to thought-transference. But this assurance is hardly more satisfactory. To explain one set of illusions by another set of illusions hardly helps us forward. Scientific methods demand that under the same circumstances the same phenomena shall always be produced. This is not the case in so-called "telepathy," where the results differ from individual to individual and even in the same individual. Rationalism is based on science and science could not exist if phenomena depended upon the personal element. If chemists could not tell how certain chemicals would act on each other under certain conditions of temperature, if physicists could never be certain of the laws of light and heat, and if agriculturists were in a constant state of uncertainty as to the nature of the crops to be produced from the seeds they sow, the world would be reduced to chaos. In fact the earth and the universe itself could not exist in those circumstances. Rationalism is based upon the omniscience of law, and where law cannot be shown to exist it rightly withholds its belief. It is not a question of possibility or impossibility; it is merely a question of obtaining evidence up to a certain standard. Thought-transference will be accepted by scientists when it is shown that it is governed by law and that in given conditions the same phenomenon is always produced. Until that time judgment must be suspended, however credible may be the witnesses and the evidence. In regard to the former, however, it may be noted that the law of gravity owes nothing to the undoubted respectability of Sir Isaac Newton.—*Japan Chronicle.*

NOTICES.

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KOWLOON.

(Two minutes from Star Ferry).
Recently renovated and refurnished, electric light and fans throughout and entirely new management. Cuisine and the personal supervision of the proprietor, Earl and Billiard Rooms. Terms moderate. Special terms to families on application to—
Telephone K. 3. Telegraphic Add.: "PALACE."
J. H. OXBERRY, Proprietor.

CARLTON HOTEL.

(THE ONLY AMERICAN HOTEL IN THE COLONY.)

108 HOUSE STREET.

Under American Management. Nice and quiet yet only a few minutes walk from the Banks and Central District. 43 Bedrooms. Excellent Cuisine, scrupulously clean. Moderate Terms. Monthly and Family Rates on application to the Proprietress. Launches meet Passenger Boats.
Telegraphic Address "CARLTON."
Mrs. F. E. CAMERON.

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE

(OPEN TILL MIDNIGHT.)

Noted for:—
THE BEST TIFFINS AND DINNERS.
Fillet Haddock.
ICES AND ICED DRINKS.
CAKES AND PASTRIES.
Dinner and Picnic Parties catered for.
A European Cafe under European Supervision.
Tel. 909. Tel. 909.

BLUE
BIRD
ICE CREAM
PARLOUR
AND CONFECTIONERS



CHOCOLATES
Plain Swiss Vanilla Chocolate
40 cts. per lb.
Home-Made Assorted Chocolates
10 cts. per lb.
Herb's Nuts and Bonbons
10 cts. per lb.
California Star Chocolate
25 cts. per lb.
American Chocolate
10 cts. per lb.
COCOA
Imperial Cocoa
40 cts. per lb.
Pure Cocoa
30 cts. per lb.

TANG YUK, Doctor,
Successor to
the late SEW YING.
14, D'ARVILLE STREET.
TERMS VERY MODERATE
Consultation free.

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSON.
15, MORRISON HILL ROAD.

Hughes & Hough
AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General
Produce Brokers and
Commission Agents.

PROPRIETORS
"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

Codes used
Bentley's
A. B. C. 4th & 5th Editions.
A. I. Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address
"HONGKONG" HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNMENT),

FRIDAY,
August 22, 1919, at 10.30 a.m.,
at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des
Vieux Road, Corner of
Lee House Street.

**USEFUL HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE**
(Removed to Sales Rooms for
Convenience of sale),
And
A Quantity of
LINOLEUM (New).

TERMS:—Cash

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, August 19, 1919.

INTIMATIONS

THE HONGKONG, CANTON &
MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

M. R. J. ARNOLD has been appointed
Secretary to the Company.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
STANLEY H. DODWELL,
Chairman.
Hongkong, August 19, 1919.

NOTICE.

WE have this day admitted Mr.
EDWIN LIENEL SIM as a
Partner in our firm.
A. & S. HANCOCK.
Hongkong, August 16, 1919.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS with the exception
of those of Chinese race desiring to
leave the Colony for places other than
Canton, West River or Macao should
apply in person for permission to do so
at the PASS OFFICE, Post Office
Building between the hours of 9 A.M.
to 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M. daily.
Applicants will be required to produce
Passports or identification papers. All
persons, with certain exceptions, who
remain in the Colony for more than
7 days are required to register them-
selves under the REGISTRATION OF
PERSONS ORDINANCE 1918. Forms of
Registration giving the particulars
required may be obtained at the G.P.O.
and at all Police Stations.
The Penalty for non compliance is a
fine not exceeding \$50.
E. D. C. WOLFE,
Captain Superintendent of Police.

ORANGES.

Fresh Arrival
of
ORANGES.
\$1.20
per dozen.

WISEMAN, LTD.

Telephone 407.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

G. R.
PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the letting
by Public Auction Sale, to be held on
MONDAY, the 25th day of August
1919, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the
Public Works Department by Order of
His Excellency the Officer-Administering
the Government, of One Lot of CROWN
LAND at North Point in the
Colony of Hongkong, for a term of
75 years, with the option of
renewal at a Crown Rent to be
fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty
the King, for one further term of
75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale.	Registry No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.				Contents in Sq. Ft.	Annual Rent Used.	Purchased Price.
			N.	S.	E.	W.			
			ft.	ft.	ft.	ft.			
Inland Lot No. 112.		East of Hot View Police station.	4	per	acre	plan	12,500	166	33,971.

COMPANY MEETING.

THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., was held today at 11.30 a.m. in the offices of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., to pass an extraordinary resolution making some alterations in the Articles of Association of the Company.

Mr. D. G. M. Bernard presided and there were also present: Mr. Paul Chater, C.M.G., Sir Robert Ho Tung, Mr. C. W. Burton, Mr. J. W. L. Bonnar (Directors), Mr. W. E. L. Shenton (Secretary to the Company), the Hon. Mr. Ho Fook, Messrs. R. M. Houston, D. McManis, S. E. Granston, R. Macdonald, N. MacIntyre, P. T. A. B. Stewart, Dr. Man Hin, Ho Shun Kit, Ho Loung, Ho Kwong, Ho Choung Shin, B. H. Kwak, S. E. da Luz and Mr. E. F. Anson (Secretary).

The Chairman said: Gentlemen, The object for which this meeting has been called is to give effect to certain amendments and additions to our present Articles of Association which were adopted on the 8th of October last.

After the present Articles had been adopted they were submitted to the Secretary of the Share and Loan Department of the London Stock Exchange, who has informed our London Attorneys that these amendments and additions must be made to enable our Shares to be retained in the Stock Exchange Official List. It is well known that this Official List is an important publication and is recognized in the world's principal money markets. It is in constant use by and is a great convenience to Bankers, Financiers and the public generally, and valuations for Balance Sheets, Loans and Profits are based thereon without further enquiry. For investment purposes a share on the list also contributes to the marketability of the shares. Your Directors therefore after fully considering the matter have come to the conclusion that it is in the interests of the Company that the requirements of the London Stock Exchange should be complied with.

I do not think there are any other points of importance to which I need refer but I shall be pleased to answer any questions the Shareholders may wish to ask. I now propose the following Resolution:

- That the Articles of Association of the Company be altered as follows:
- By inserting in Article 31 after the words "Upon all the shares" in the second line thereof the words "other than fully paid shares."
 - By adding at the end of Article 88 the following words: "but any director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, and shall then be eligible for re-election."
 - By adding the following new Article to be numbered 90a: "The Company may by a Special Resolution remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office."
 - By striking out the word "retained" in the second line of Article 135 and inserting in place of such word the word "utilized" and by adding at the end of such Article by adding at the end of such Article the words "and claimed."
 - By inserting in Article 141 after the word "served" in the sixth line thereof the following words: "and two copies of each of these documents shall at the same time be forwarded to the Secretary of the Share and Loan Department, The Stock Exchange, London."

Sir Paul Chater seconded the motion and was carried unanimously. The Chairman announced that a supplementary meeting will be held on September 10 and this terminated the proceedings.

LOST FACE, LOST TEMPER.

TROUBLE OVER A DUD COIN.

A Chinese went into a restaurant and had some food and when a bill for four cents was handed to him by the waiter, the diner offered him a 20-cent piece which was bad. The waiter refused to accept the coin, and told the diner that he could pay the four cents next time he came to the cafe. As there were some observant bystanders the diner felt he had lost face, and threatened to have his revenge on the waiter. The next night the diner returned armed with a large piece of stick with which he hit the waiter on the head. The waiter fell down unconscious. Police whistles were blown, and the assailant was arrested. The injured man, who was sent to the hospital to get his wounds dressed, was present in Court this morning, when the diner was charged with assault.

Defendant stated that he went to the shop on the following night to pay the four cents when he was assaulted.

Mr. Justice fined defendant \$10 and bound him over in a personal bond of \$100 to be of good behaviour for twelve months.

ANOTHER MURDER IN THE CITY.

VENDETTA OF RATTAN-MAKERS BEING CONTINUED.

A MAN ARRESTED ON SUSPICION.

Following on the heels of the attack on rattan-makers in various parts of the city between Saturday and Monday, as a result of which one man died and five were injured, comes the startling news that despite the vigilance of the Police, another murder was committed early this morning at West Point. It is believed, at the moment, to discover the motive for the outrage, and the Police are in a quandary as to how to conduct investigations which would be productive of information. As reported in our previous issue the assassins operate at nightfall. This makes identification difficult. It is rather welcome news to learn that the Police have been successful in arresting one man, even on suspicion, for it may be the means of obtaining information about the leaders of this apparently organized series of murders.

The incidents connected with the latest murder are as follows: A Chinese rattan-splitter of the Kwong Fat Hing Rattan Shop at No. 16, Chung Chung Street, was returning home at about 1 p.m., when he was met by a man armed with a dagger. Fearing that the armed man intended to assault him, the rattan-splitter started to run. He was chased by the assassin to a house in Queen's Road West and there he was stabbed in the back and on the left wrist. The screams of the man attracted some passers-by who blew their police whistles. The Police arrived, enquired into the matter, and despatched the injured man in an ambulance to the Hospital. The man, however, died on the way. The Police succeeded in arresting a man, who is suspected of being concerned in the murder, but no dagger was found on his person.

MORE RICE LOOTING.

FOUR MEN CHARGED.

While some coolies were unloading rice from a junk in Connaught Road, West, yesterday afternoon, eight men made an attack on the junk and stole 345 catties of rice. The consigner of the rice, the owner of a rice shop in No. 67, Connaught Road West, at once reported the affair to the police. Enquiries were made and as the result of certain information received, the police visited another rice dealer's shop at No. 142, Connaught Road, West. The master of this shop was questioned and admitted having bought 10 lbs. of rice from a coolie employed at the Bowdoin Godowns for 80 cents. A detective was at once sent to Bowdoin and the coolie was arrested. This morning he and three men from the rice shop, including the master, were produced before Magistrate Linsell at the Magistrate's Court. The first defendant, the coolie, was charged with the theft of 10 lbs. of rice from the cargo boat, while the other three were charged with receiving stolen property. After some deliberation between the Magistrate and the Police, it was decided to withdraw the charge against the second and fourth defendants and put them in the box as witnesses for the Crown. The second defendant, the master of the shop, giving evidence on oath, said the first defendant who was accompanied by two youths, brought the rice to his shop and asked witness to weigh it, saying he wanted to sell the rice for a few ten cent pieces. Witness refused to buy the rice, but the first defendant pressed him and in the end witness gave him 80 cents for the lot. The third defendant, the accountant of the shop, paid the money.

By His Worship: The rice was contained in a Chinese bamboo hat, when the first defendant brought it to the shop.

The first defendant told the Court that he was working on the Praya when he missed his hat. He later discovered that the boys had borrowed it to carry the stolen rice in. He thereupon followed them to the shop in order to recover his hat. It was the boys who sold the rice to the shop.

His Worship did not believe this story, and sentenced the accused to six weeks' hard labour.

The third defendant said he was the accountant of the rice shop in question. He was upstairs when the first defendant came to the shop. He was not present while the master was bargaining with the first defendant. When he came downstairs, the master asked him for 80 cents, but he did not tell witness what he wanted the money for.

His Worship said he was convinced that the defendant was present all the time and that he knew what the money was wanted for. A fine of \$50 was imposed.

KEEP IT HANDY.

IMMEDIATE relief necessary in attacks of diarrhoea, Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy, always handy. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

A GREAT LAWN TENNIS PLAYER.

One day last winter a small party of Australian soldiers arrived at Queen's Club, West Kensington, for a little lawn tennis practice. Most of them were entirely unknown to the habitués and yet one of them was destined soon to be the most talked-of man in the game's revival.

On one of the courts I noticed a well-built, determined-looking young man who served and drove astonishingly. No one seemed able to take his deliveries or to relish his drives. On enquiring of one of the club professionals I was told that the player's name was Patterson—Lieut. Gerald L. Patterson, from Australia—and that he was "jolly good."

The news that Queen's was harbouring an embryo champion almost unawares soon spread. Then came the first post-war tournament with the decision of the Covered Courts championships on the far-famed wooden surfaced courts of the club. Mr. Patterson was seen in serious competitive play and our players went down like nincompoops until Mr. P. M. Davson's experience and knowledge of local conditions administered the only defeat the young over-sea player has so far sustained in this country.

Then the critics arose in their might. "No back-hand," said one. "Far too erratic," decided another. But one merely smiled, knowing full well that Patterson had yet to play on his accustomed surface of grass. One had also seen the despised back-hand in full working order at practice.

Surbiton, the first grass-court meeting since the war, arrived and resulted in a great triumph for Patterson. Called upon to meet the cleverest of England's old brigade of champions, he gave a wonderful display of first-class lawn tennis, justifying to the "hilt" all that his friends had claimed for him. And now we are waiting to see what the young champion will do at Wimbledon this week.

Meanwhile if one were called upon to diagnose the secret of the newcomer's success it could be done in one word—severely. Accuracy and peace are of course the foundations of success in first-class lawn tennis as in many other games. Hardly the acme of accuracy as yet, Patterson gets an extraordinary amount of pace into all his shots, both overhead and off the ground. His lightning service with his break and "kick" is often quite untakable, while his smashes nearly always beat the stop-netting.

If all these arts are not enough to overcome a stubborn opponent, this young Victorian of twenty-three summons resorts to a wonderful "chop" stroke the like of which has not been seen before. He can make it deep down the court, the ball being cut in such a fashion that it rises in a semi-circle to fall just over the net and spin away along the ground in a most disconcerting manner. Against Mr. Roper Barrett at Surbiton this stroke alone won many aces and was the chief factor in the great English player's undoing.

For the rudiments of his devastating game this world champion in the making has to thank his father, with "additional numbers," as they say in musical comedy, by Mr. Norman Brooks, his model and doubles partner in the present championships. H. R. McDonald in *Daily Mail*.

TO THE SUN ARRAIGNED.

[Dr. Haxthausen, of the National Hospital, Copenhagen, finds that in many cases sunlight has a bad effect on the health, and is often the original cause of skin disease, especially epithelial cancer. Those of fair complexion, heads, are more liable to this disease than those of dark.]

Fools prayed for light, more light, deeming it good.

For mind and body; but high wisdom's lips,

Pitying those who have not understood, Pray now, O prodigal Sun, for your eclipse.

To save opposing an eternal hood To beams that scourge their precious skins like whips:

For they have proved that cancer epithelial Is all your doing, O you Sun of Belial!

To bask in you, to bathe in you is banned: You ripen corn, you also ripen cancer.

Your crimes are more in number than the sand: The unswerving shaft that pierced me as a lancer.

When lay my head too open to your hand, Is but the least for which you have to answer.

Avails you naught your record as a healer, You Jekyll-and-Hyde, you multiple death-dealer!

Nor, as becomes a decent criminal, Choosing his course, do you elect to run fair:

Unlike your antidote, the rain, you fall Unequally upon the fair and unfair; For when you loose the epithelial The blonde, they tell us, fare not as the dun fare.

If this were done 'twere very vilely done: Is it another solar myth, O Sun?

CHINESE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

SHORTAGE OF SUBSIDIARY COIN.

A letter from Mr. Chan Harr, manager of the Sincere Co., Ltd., relating to the difference in value between the Banknotes and subsidiary coins, formed one of the 14 items for discussion at a meeting held at the Chinese Chamber of Commerce yesterday afternoon. The Hon. Mr. Lau Chu Pak presided. There was a large number of members present.

The Chairman asked Mr. Chan Harr to give a statement on his letter. Mr. Chan said that while it was very difficult to get subsidiary coins from the Banks the Canton 20 cents coin has raised its value to 4 per cent. He asked that the Chamber should approach the Government to devise means for the solution of the problem. If the Government is unable to supply the market with more small coin permission should be granted to the Banks for the issue of more small notes.

Mr. Ho Sai Wing said there should be more Hongkong coins in circulation. The shortage might be due to profits secretly sending the money abroad. Mr. Chan said that he had had an interview with the manager of the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank. He (the manager) expressed his opinion that Hongkong had too many money changers. After further discussion it was decided to appoint Messrs. Ho Sai Wing, Chan Harr, Ip Lun Chuen and To See Tun to look into the matter.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENT.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (For Account of the Concerned),

FRIDAY,

August 22, 1919, at 2.30 p.m., at The Army Service Corps "Boat Shed"

180 Bags Rice, 35 Cases Ghee, 42 " Canned Meats, 23 " Dried Vegetables, And

Several lots of Garlic, Atta, Parboiled Rice, Parboiled Gram, Ginger, Concentrated Soups, &c., &c.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH, Auctioneers.

Hongkong, August 20, 1919.

TO-NIGHT'S THE NIGHT!

THE CORONET.

AT 8.15 PROMPT.

"HEARTS OF THE WORLD"

JUST WHAT YOU'VE BEEN WAITING FOR. IT'S HERE.

THE ENTERTAINMENT THAT SET THE WHOLE WORLD TALKING.

YOU'LL

LAUGH—SHOUT—CRY—SMILE AND HURRAH AND GRIP YOUR SEAT AS YOU NEVER DID BEFORE.

IT'S THE SAME GRAND PRODUCTION THAT PLAYED FOR 7 WEEKS IN LONDON.

If you have not lost your capacity for human sympathy you will appreciate and enjoy "Hearts of the World". It will deepen those sympathies and leave an impression on your mind which Time cannot efface.

DAVID LLOYD GEORGE

SAYS:

"You have produced a masterpiece that will carry its message around the world; a story which will inspire every heart."

NOT A WAR PICTURE, BUT THE SWEETEST LOVE STORY EVER TOLD.

SPECIAL MUSIC BY AN AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA.

ADMISSION: \$2.00 and \$1.00

Booking at MOUTRIE'S.

NOTICES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.



British LAGER BEER

\$25 per case 8 dozen plus. \$6.50 per dozen bottles.

FINE SPARKLING LAGER BEER

BREWED IN GREAT BRITAIN.

A light beer of Guaranteed Purity and most delicate and delicious flavour.

"COWBOY" Brand Guinness Stout

Pints per doz. \$4. Splits per doz. \$3.

NEW COLUMBIA RECORDS.

- | | | |
|--------|----------------------------------|----------|
| A 5944 | {EVERY LITTLE WHILE ... | Footrot |
| | {IT'S NOT YOUR NATIONALITY ... | " |
| A 6002 | {I DON'T WANT TO GET WELL ... | One step |
| | {SMILE & SHOW YOUR DIMPLE ... | " |
| A 6008 | {CHIN CHIN CHINAMAN ... | Footrot |
| | {DOING HIS BIT FOR THE GIRLS ... | One step |

THE ANDERSON MUSIC COY., LTD.

(THE COLUMBIA SHOP)

18, DES VOUX ROAD CENTRAL.

TEL. 1222

THE BROWNLOW FILTER

British throughout for nearly 90 years. Is a National Necessity everywhere. A copious, clear, germfree supply always obtainable, with the water as sparkling as when drawn from the spring.

Sole Agents: MUSTARD & CO.,

4, DES VOUX ROAD CENTRAL.

TELEPHONE 1188.

AGENTS in POONCHOW, AMOY, SWATOW and CANTON: BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.

For Constipation, Liver Disorders and Bilious Complaints. Relieves GOUT and RHEUMATISM and prevents INDIGESTION.

AQUAPERIA.

A BRITISH APERIENT MINERAL WATER.

BOTTLED AT HARROGATE SPRING, ENGLAND.

FOR SALE AT THE COLONIAL DISPENSARY, 14, Queen's Road, Central. Telephone No. 1877.

BURGOYNES Pty., Ltd.

SPECIALLY SELECTED BURGUNDY.

WINE GROWERS TO H. M. THE KING.

Note the Great Reduction in Price:

Burgundy Reserve per case 1 doz. Quarts duty paid \$29. 2 doz. Pints \$21.

SOLE AGENTS:

GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.

WINE MERCHANTS,

Tel. No. 135. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

SHIPPING

P. & O.-BRITISH INDIA
& APCAR LINES

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND)

TRAITS & BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF,
AUSTRALASIA, WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST &
SOUTH AFRICA, RED SEA, EGYPT, EUROPE, ETC.

MARSEILLES & LONDON.

Via STRAITS, COLOMBO AND PORT SAID.

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Due Marseilles about	Due London about
"MAGNYA"	5th September	8th October	17th October
"KHIVA"	23rd October	26th November	4th December

BOMBAY VIA STRAITS AND COLOMBO.

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Due Bombay about
"DUNERA"	7th September	28th September

CALCUTTA VIA STRAITS AND RANGOON.

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Due Calcutta about
"ARRATON APCAR"	2nd Sept.	26th Sept.

SHANGHAI, KORE AND YOKOHAMA.

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Due Shanghai about
"DUNERA"	23rd August	Shanghai only.

Wireless on all steamers.
PASSAGE RATES, HAND-BOOKS FREIGHTS, &c. apply to—
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents.OCEAN TRANSPORT CO., LTD.
(TAIYO KAIUN KAISHA).

FOR VANCOUVER AND SEATTLE.

Space and Particulars apply to DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

REGULAR SERVICE ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS
with transshipments at CALCUTTA, in conjunction with the
INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
AND APCAR LINE.

Sailings from Hongkong.

For freight and further particulars apply to DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

THE NANYO YUSEN KAISHA
(SOUTH SEA MAIL S.S. CO.)Regular Service of Steamers Between Japan, Hongkong, Singapore,
Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya.

For JAVA PORTS.

BOERNE MARU on 28th Aug.

HOKUTO MARU on 9th Sept.

For freight or Passage apply to DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON & ANTWERP—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.
ATLANTIC MARU Friday, 23rd August.

ALASKA MARU Saturday, 20th September.

SINGAPORE & BOMBAY—Monthly service, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading with transshipments at Bombay to Company's steamers.

GUENOS AIRES, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MAURITIUS,
DURBAN & CAPE TOWN via SINGAPORE.

TACOMA MARU Wednesday, 10th September.

BOMBAY COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via Singapore.

BURMA MARU Sunday, 21st August.

SAIGON, BANGKOK, SINGAPORE—Regular monthly service.

SHISEN MARU Monday, 1st September.

SYDNEY, MELBOURNE—Monthly service calling at AUCLAND, N.Z. and ADELAIDE.

LUZON MARU Beginning of October.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE, TACOMA.

Regular fortnightly service touching at intermediate ports in Japan and
taking cargo to OVERLAND POINTS U.S. in connection with Chicago,
Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

AFRICA MARU Saturday, 23rd August.

CANADA MARU Monday, 1st September.

JAPAN PORTS.

NANKING MARU (Omitting Moji & Yokkaichi) Friday, 22nd August.

SIAM MARU Monday, 26th August.

KEELUNG, TAKAO VIA SWATOW, AMOY.

These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class Saloon
Passengers and will arrive and depart from the O.S.K. WHARF,
near the Harbour Office.

For TAKAO via SWATOW and AMOY.

BOHSHU MARU Thursday, 28th August, at 9 a.m.

For KEELUNG via SWATOW and AMOY.

KAIYO MARU Sunday, 24th August, at 10 a.m.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—
Y. YASUDA, Manager.

No. 1, Queen's Building.

Tel. No. 744 & 745.

THOS. COOK & SON.

Tourist, Steamship and Forwarding Agents, Bankers, etc.

OFFICIAL PASSENGER AGENTS TO
THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT.

TICKETS SUPPLIED TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD at Tariff Rates.

LETTERS OF CREDIT AND CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and
CASHED.

BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.

Cook's "FAR EASTERN TRAVELLER'S GAZETTE," containing
Sailings and Fares from the Far East to all parts of the World, will
be forwarded free on application.

Telegraphic Address "COUPON." THOS. COOK & SON,

Hongkong Hotel Buildings, Hongkong.

Also SHANGHAI, PEKING, YOKOHAMA, MANILA.

Other Offices—LUDGATE CIRCUIS, LONDON, E.C.

SHIPPING

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	THROUGH	TO
SHANGHAI	CHUNKING	Aug. 21, at Noon.
SHANGHAI	SUNING	Aug. 24, Daylight.
SHANGHAI	TEAN	Aug. 26, at Noon.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	LUCHOW	Aug. 26, at 11 a.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	HUIKOW	Aug. 26, at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	KWANGSANG	Aug. 28, Daylight.

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAIL and CARGO. Excellent
Saloon accommodation, midships. Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and
State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong, Shanghai
(thrice weekly) and Tientsin (weekly), taking cargo on through Bills of Lading
to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai,
avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Wusung.

BANGKOK LINE—Weekly service to and from Bangkok via Swatow.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

AGENTS.

Telephone No. 36.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

FOR	THROUGH	TO
SHANGHAI	WOSANG	THURSDAY, Aug. 21, Daylight.
HAIPHONG via HOIHOW	TAKSANG	THURSDAY, Aug. 21, at 8 a.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	YAKSANG	THURSDAY, Aug. 21, at 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI	KWONGSANG	SUNDAY, Aug. 24, Daylight.
MANILA	LOONGSANG	FRIDAY, Aug. 22, at 3 p.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	FOOSANG	TUESDAY, Aug. 26, at 3 p.m.
KORE	KWANGSANG	FRIDAY, Aug. 29, at 3 p.m.
MANILA	YUNGSANG	FRIDAY, Aug. 29, at 3 p.m.
KORE	HOPSANG	SATURDAY, Aug. 30, Daylight.

CALCUTTA LINE—This line has now been re-organized and affords regular sailings to Calcutta
via Singapore and Penang.Sailing from Calcutta steamers proceed via Straits and Hongkong to Japan,
occasionally calling at Shanghai.All steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with Electric Light
and Fans and carry a fully qualified Surgeon.SHANGHAI LINE—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai,
sometimes calling at Swatow.Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation, and through tickets
can be obtained for Hongkong and Tientsin Ports via Shanghai. Through Billings are
issued to all Northern and Yangtze Ports.MANILA LINE—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger
accommodation.HAIPHONG LINE—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at
Haiphong when indicated.BORNEO LINE—One sailing per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by a steamer having
up-to-date accommodation for passengers.TIENTSIN LINE—A regular service is run from March to October between Hongkong and
Tientsin, calling at Weihaiwei and Chefoo.Chinese Straits Colonies and other ports are also served. All European Passengers, leaving the Colony
for Straits Colonies, are required to produce on arrival at destination passports with their
Photographs and description affixed thereto.

For Freight or Passage, apply to—

Tel. No. 215.

THE GENERAL MANAGERS

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.

THE ADMIRAL LINE.
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TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE.

Operating the following U.S. Shipping Board Steamers.

For SEATTLE, TACOMA, VICTORIA, VANCOUVER.

"ELDRIDGE" About August 24.

"WESTERN KNIGHT" About August 31.

"EDMORE" About September 1.

"CITY OF SPOKANE" About September 22.

"SEATTLE SPIRIT" About October 24.

For PORTLAND direct.

"COAST" About October 5.

"WABAY" About October 11.

"WEST MUMFORD" About November 16.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Overland Common Points.

FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO:

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JOHN J. GORMAN, GENERAL AGENT.

Telephone Nos. 2477 & 2478.

Fifth Floor, Hotel Mansions.

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SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, JAPAN AND HONOLULU.

FAST AND LUXURIOUS MAIL STEAMERS.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamers Tons Leave Hongkong.

"PERSIA MARU" 9,000 23rd August.

"KOREA MARU" 30,000 10th September.

"NIPPON MARU" 11,000 25th September.

"TENYO MARU" 32,000 2nd October.

"SIBERIA MARU" 30,000 10th October (from Yokohama).

"SHINYO MARU" 31,000 28th October.

* Omitting call at Shanghai.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

HONGKONG to VALPARAISO via JAPAN, HONOLULU,

SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO, SALINO DRIZ, BALBOA,

CALLAO, AFRICA and IQUIQUE.

Thence by Trans-Andean Route to Buenos Aires.

Steamers Tons Leave Hongkong.

"AMYO MARU" 18,500 Sept. 10th.

"SEIYO MARU" 14,000 Nov. 4th.

"KIYO MARU" 17,500 Nov. 4th.

Tickets are interchangeable with the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.
and the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Passengers may travel by rail between ports of call in Japan free of charge.

For full information as to rates, sailings, etc. apply to—

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KING'S BUILDING.

Telephone Nos. 3274 and 3275.

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OF THE

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN

Monthly Service between

NETH. INDIA, MANILA, HONGKONG AND SAN FRANCISCO.

The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have
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All steamers carry a fully qualified surgeon.

Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading to all Overland Points to the
United States of America and Canada.

For Particulars of Freight and Passage apply to the

GENERAL MANAGERS

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN,

KING'S BUILDING.

Telephone No. 176.

SHIPPING

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OS

SAILINGS

HONGKONG to VANCOUVER

(via Shanghai, Nagasaki ("Moj") Kobe & Yokohama)

STEAMERS	FROM HONGKONG	DUV VANCOUVER
Empress of Russia	Sept. 4	Sept. 23
Empress of Asia	Oct. 2	Oct. 20
Empress of Japan	Oct. 15	Nov. 5
Monteagle	Oct. 23	Nov. 17
Empress of Russia	Oct. 30	Nov. 17
Empress of Asia	Nov. 27	Dec. 15
Empress of Japan	Dec. 10	Dec. 31
Empress of Russia	Dec. 25	Jan. 12
Monteagle	Jan. 1	Jan. 25

*Owing to Japanese Quarantine Regulations "Monteagle"
10th August "Empress of Japan," 25th August, and "Empress of
Russia," 25th September will not call at Shanghai.CANADA'S NEW TRAIN DE LUX
"THE TRANS-CANADA LIMITED"
Vancouver to Montreal 30.15 hours.

For particulars regarding passage rates, sailings and through bills of lading, apply to the General Agent, also literature of rates and descriptive literature, apply to—

P. D. SUTHERLAND,

General Agent, Passenger Dept.,

Phone 111.

HONGKONG

CANADIAN PACIFIC

OCEAN SERVICES

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class, Coast Steamers having good
Accommodation for First Class Passengers, Electric Lights and Fans in State-rooms
and Saloons. Excellent Cuisine.

SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW

AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days)

STEAMSHIP CAPTAIN LEAVING.

HAIKONG Capt. J. W. Evans SUNDAY, 24th August at Noon.

QUINNEBAUG Capt. Medina WEDNESDAY, 17th August at 1 p.m.

HAIKONG Capt. A. H. Stewart FRIDAY, 29th August at 1 p.m.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For FREIGHT and PASSAGE apply to—

DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co.

General Managers.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

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"NANKING" (15,000 tons) "NILE" (11,000 tons) "CHINA" (10,200 tons).

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

via SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS & HONOLULU.

"NANKING" "NILE" "CHINA"

August 22nd, 1919. October 1st, 1919. September 11th, 1919.

AN UNPARALLELED HIGH CLASS

PASSENGER SERVICE.

O. H. RITTER, Freight and Passenger Agent.

Prince's Buildings, Ice House Street.

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INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BELRA,
DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE
TOWN with transshipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN
AFRICAN LINE.

PROPOSED SAILING.

FROM HONGKONG: Connecting with FROM COLOMBO:

EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION FOR 1ST AND 2ND CLASS PASSENGERS.

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.

Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS to BELRA,
DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE
TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS en route and affording the Quickest Freight
Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

For dates of departure, Rates of Freight, apply to—

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MANAGING AGENTS.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(Ellerman & Bucknall Steamship Co., Ltd.)

JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS

TO

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT.

FOR PARTICULARS OF SAILINGS SHIPPERS ARE

REQUESTED TO APPROACH THE UNDERSIGNED.

For STEAMER SAILA.

Subject to change without notice.

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General Agents.

Or to REISS & Co., Canton.

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Keep in touch with local happenings

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BEAULIEU HOSPITAL

—LONG AGO.

Beaulieu Hospital could hold thirty
or forty forlorn looking patients
clothed in the white garb of the sickly.
They could sit on the verandahs
of the hospital wards, smoking
cigarettes and enjoying the trimmings
of the shady trees, and the bright
flowers of the hospital garden, which
had been developed by a succession
of enthusiastic M. Os. The garden
was a good one, but its best feature
to my eye was the hibiscus hedge,
which hid it all from view.But sometimes our hospital was
overflowed. The periodicity of the full
phase puzzled me. It was so recurrent.
It came with the rush of a landslide,
and after the lapse of months or
weeks as suddenly disappeared.And a peculiarity of the full phase
was that the patients never got well.
I do not suggest that the patients
died. No, they simply never got
well.Our M. O. dosed them with drugs,
and the very distastefulness of his
mixtures seemed sufficient guarantee
of their curative power. But the
more disgusting the stuff, the louder
did the patients praise it. The bitter-
est pill they sucked and chewed
with complacency.Long suffering employers came
and waged a wordy warfare with
them, but they dropped their chins,
closed their eyes and stuck out their
tongues so pathetically, that the em-
ployers left them at it and despaired.I was strolling past the entrance
and meditatively blew a curl of smoke
from my cigar. I stood and watched
the crowd of white garbed patients
within.Their faces were turned upwards
to the skies, and I noted how a
Javanese rolled his eyes like a
naughty horse.

Now that the Police H almost as dead as a door are all beginning to won the Hongkong Defence Co will realize that the exist H.K.D.C. in its present d not exactly necessary for being of the British Empire tearing it into be and

FULL TEXT.

have no intention of resuming the former land system. They are the principles to be followed in the solution of this and other questions must be left to the decision of the Russian Constituent Assembly, but they were assured that those whom they represented would be prepared to assist them in the religious liberty of all Russians.

The Allied and associated powers will be glad to learn as soon as possible whether the government of Admiral Koltchak and his associates are prepared to accept the terms of the armistice, and also whether in case of acceptance they will enter into a single government with the Russian command as soon as the situation makes it possible.

DON'T MISS THIS FINE PICTURE.

tioned. In other words, it is the development of the standard of living of the people, which ever, is in the course of nature, therefore must not be checked. It should be helped to develop. Although the standard of living in Japan has developed, it cannot stand comparison with the standard of living in other countries. We give the economic state of different nations of the world for the sake of comparison.

PHYSICIANS prescribe Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy because it relieves cramps in the stomach and intestinal pains quicker than any other preparation they can compound. It is bought from any chemist. It will keep for years, and no home is complete without it. For sale by Chemists and Storekeepers.

woman of wealth from the busy world. To-day the coat-liners, glove makers, boot-makers, jewellers, florists, and motor-car makers are all bent on bringing back to Mme. Mida the long sought opportunity of showing the length of her purse. Her "summer frocks," her parasols, gloves and shoes, are now not irreproachable but unattainable to the lesser world.

AUGUST 20, 1918.—a.m.

Station.	Hour.	Barometer at Sea Level.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Direction.	Wind Force.
Widowstock	6 a.					
Namuro	5 a.					
Hakodate	"					
Tokio	"					
Kochi	"					
Nagasaki	"					
Kagoshima	"					
Onitsima	"					
Naha	"					
Yokohama	"					
Bonin Island	"					
Yokohama	6 a.	29.89	74	76	ss	1
Hankow	"					
Ichang	"					
Kiuchang	"					
Changsha	"					
Shanghai	"	29.86	77	85	ss	1
Tientsin	"	29.84	78	85	ss	1
Sharp Sh.	7 a.	29.85	83	87	"	2
Amoy	6 a.	29.84	84	79	ss	1
Satow	"					
Taihu	5 a.	29.82	81	80	"	2
Taihu	"	29.83	73	"	"	3
Kochin	"	29.83	77	"	"	3
Kochin	"	29.81	79	"	"	3
Pescadore.	"	29.83	81	"	"	4
Canton	6 a.					
Hongkong	"	29.76	83	86	"	3
Cap Rock	"	29.75	78	"	"	3
Macao	"	29.76	79	82	"	3
Wuchow	9 a.					
Fakhoi	"					
Chowoh	"					
Phanlan	7 a.	29.66	75	66	ss	1
Toumae	"	29.68	77	"	"	1
P. St. Amos	"	29.76	75	"	"	1
Apari	6 a.					
Dagupan	"	29.63	77	81	"	1
Manila	"	29.53	78	67	ss	1
Legaspi	"	29.53	78	67	ss	1
San Juan	"	29.66	79	88	"	1
Urio	"	29.68	79	88	"	1
Sirigao	"					
Guam	4.30					
Laban	6 a.					

T. F. CLAXTON, *Director*
Hongkong Observatory, Aug. 20.

1. **BAROMETER**, reduced to 32 d Fahrenheit, on the level of the inches, tenths and hundredths.
2. **TEMPERATURE**, in the shade, on a cross Fahrenheit.
3. **HUMIDITY**, in percentage of saturation, the humidity of air saturated moisture being 100.
4. **DIRECTION OF WIND**, to two points.
5. **FORCE OF WIND**, according to Beaufort Scale.
6. **STATE OF WEATHER**, by blue detached cloud, drizzling rain, gloomy, hail, lightning, or passing showers, or equal, rain, thunder, or visibility of dew, &c.
7. **RAIN** in inches tenths and hundredths.

HONGKONG TIDES.

The tide-table given below has been compiled at the Hydrographical Office in London, and is the result of the astronomical observations taken by means of automatic tide-recording machines at the Water Police Basin at Titcham, during the years 1902-5.

The zero of the table corresponds to the zero of the sounding in the Admiralty Chart, which has been found to be 3 inches below mean sea-level.

To obtain the depth of water at low tide gauge at the Victoria, Navy, add 3 feet 4 inches, and on the east at Lemon Dock, Aberdeen, add 4 inches to the height given in the

August 21 to 27, 1919.				
High Water			Low Water	
Day	High Water Mean Time	Height	Day	Low Water Mean Time
Tue.	21	8 30	6.0	1 30
Wed.	22	9 40	6.8	2 40
Thurs.	23	10 50	7.6	3 50
Fri.	24	11 55	8.4	5 00
Sat.	25	12 55	9.2	6 10
Sun.	26	1 55	10.0	7 20
Mon.	27	2 55	10.8	8 30
Tues.	28	3 55	11.6	9 40
Wed.	29	4 55	12.4	10 50
Thurs.	30	5 55	13.2	12 00

